ASSESSMENT BY THE COMMONWEALTH OMBUDSMAN FOR TABLING IN PARLIAMENT

Under s 4860 of the Migration Act 1958

This is the first s 486O assessment on Mr X who has remained in immigration detention for a cumulative period of more than 30 months (two and a half years).

Name	Mr X
Citizenship	Country A
Year of birth	1988
Ombudsman ID	1002587-O
Date of DIBP's reports	28 January 2017 and 30 July 2017
Total days in detention	912 (at date of DIBP's latest report)

Detention history

20 July 2013	Detained under s 189(3) of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i> after arriving in Australia by sea. He arrived in Australia with his mother, Ms Y, and sister, Ms Z. ¹ The family was transferred to an Alternative Place of Detention (APOD), Christmas Island.
21 July 2013	Transferred to Christmas Island Immigration Detention Centre (IDC).
5 August 2013	Transferred to Manus Island Regional Processing Centre (RPC). ²
10 January 2014	Transferred to Nauru RPC and reunited with his family.
14 February 2015	Returned to Australia and re-detained under s 189(1). He was transferred to Bladin Point APOD.
26 February 2015	Transferred to Wickham Point APOD.
24 March 2016	Transferred to community detention.

Visa applications/case progression

Mr X arrived in Australia by sea after 19 July 2013 and was transferred to an RPC. The Department of Immigration and Border Protection (the department) has advised that Mr X is barred under ss 46A and 46B from lodging a valid protection visa application in Australia as a result of his method of arrival and transfer to an RPC.

Mr X was returned to Australia from an RPC for medical treatment on 14 February 2015.

The department has advised that under current policy settings Mr X is not eligible to have his protection claims assessed in Australia and remains liable for transfer back to an RPC on completion of his mother's treatment.

17 March 2016	The Minister intervened under s 197AB to allow Mr X and his family to
	reside in community detention.

¹ Ms Y and Ms Z are the subjects of Ombudsman assessment 1002478-O. Mr X was separated from his mother and sister when he was transferred to Manus Island RPC on 5 August 2013 and the family was reunited at Nauru RPC on 10 January 2014. They now reside together in community detention in Australia.

² Time spent at an RPC is not counted towards time spent in immigration detention in Australia for the purposes of reporting under s 486N.

30 July 2017	The department advised that it is supporting the government of Nauru
	to finalise the Refugee Status Determination of Mr X while he remains
	temporarily in Australia for medical treatment.

Health and welfare

International Health and Medical Services (IHMS) advised that Mr X attended specialist counselling for the management of an adjustment disorder, anxiety and a history of torture and trauma. In February 2016 it was reported that Mr X was not coping with his prolonged detention and was recommended to be transferred to community detention. Mr X's mental health continued to be monitored by a general practitioner (GP) and psychologist following his transfer to community detention. In March 2017 he was prescribed with medication after presenting to a GP with symptoms of stress, anxiety and disturbed sleep.

IHMS further advised that Mr X received treatment for multiple physical health concerns, including a chronic cough, throat pain and gastric reflux (GORD). He was prescribed with medication for the management of GORD and continued to be monitored by a GP. At the time of IHMS's latest review Mr X was awaiting an appointment with an ear, nose and throat specialist.

25 March 2015 – 28 March 2015	Incident Reports recorded that Mr X threatened self-harm on three occasions.
4 September 2015 and 11 November 2015	Incident Reports recorded that an ambulance was called for Mr X on two occasions after he reported experiencing chest pain.
16 October 2015	An Incident Report recorded that Mr X self-harmed following an incident of self-harm by his mother.

Ombudsman assessment/recommendation

Mr X was detained on 20 July 2013 after arriving in Australia by sea and has been held in detention for a cumulative period of more than two and a half years.

Mr X was transferred to an RPC and returned to Australia for medical treatment. The department advised that because Mr X arrived after 19 July 2013 he remains liable for transfer back to an RPC on completion of his mother's treatment.

The department further advised that it is supporting the government of Nauru to finalise the Refugee Status Determination of Mr X while he remains temporarily in Australia for medical treatment.

The Ombudsman notes with concern the government's duty of care to detainees and the serious risk to mental and physical health prolonged and apparently indefinite detention may pose.

The Ombudsman notes that under current policy settings Mr X is not eligible to have his protection claims assessed by Australia and that without an assessment of Mr X's claims it appears likely he will remain in detention for a prolonged period.

The Ombudsman recommends that priority is given to resolving Mr X's immigration status.