REPORT BY THE COMMONWEALTH AND IMMIGRATION OMBUDSMAN FOR TABLING IN PARLIAMENT

Under s 4860 of the Migration Act 1958

This is the first s 486O report on Mr X and his family who remained in immigration detention for more than 24 months (two years).

Name	Mr X (and family)
Citizenship	Country A
Year of birth	1972

Family details

Family members	Ms Y (wife)
Citizenship	Country A
Year of birth	1981

Family members	Ms Z (relationship not defined by DIBP)	Miss Q (daughter)
Citizenship	Country A	Country A
Year of birth	1942	2000

Family members	Miss R (daughter)	Master S (son)
Citizenship	Country A	Country A
Year of birth	2004	2006

Family members	Master T (son)	Master U (son)
Citizenship	Country A	Country A
Year of birth	2006	2009

Ombudsman ID	1002849
Date of DIBP's report	17 November 2014
Total days in detention	Not provided

Detention history

17 November 2012	Detained under s 189(3) of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i> after arriving in Australia aboard Suspected Illegal Entry Vessel 536 <i>Overland</i> .
9 April 2015	Granted Bridging visas with associated Temporary Humanitarian Stay (THS) visas and released from community detention.

Visa applications/case progression

The Department of Immigration and Border Protection (DIBP) advised that prior to being released from detention, Mr X and his family were part of a cohort who had not had their protection claims assessed as they arrived in Australia after 13 August 2012 and the Minister had not lifted the bar under s 46A.

9 April 2015	Granted Bridging visas with associated THS visas.

Health and welfare

Mr X

21 November 2012 – ongoing	International Health and Medical Services (IHMS) advised that Mr X was diagnosed with type 2 diabetes and prescribed with medication. Prior to his release from detention, Mr X's condition was monitored by a general practitioner (GP), dietician, podiatrist and physiotherapist. IHMS advised that his condition was poorly controlled and Mr X had been provided with lifestyle education.
18 December 2012 – 28 August 2014	Disclosed a history of torture and trauma and attended psychological counselling for treatment of anxiety symptoms.
30 April 2014	Reviewed by a psychiatrist and received psychotherapy to improve his mood and anger management issues.

Ms Y

February 2013 –	An ultrasound diagnosed cysts in Ms Y's breast tissue. She
ongoing	attended a follow-up review on 27 May 2014 and no changes
	were identified. Prior to her release from detention, her condition was monitored by her GP.

MsZ

November 2012 – ongoing	During her induction health assessment, Ms Z advised that she had previously been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes, hypertension and a blood disorder. She was prescribed with medication and referred to a podiatrist, optometrist, haematologist and dietician for assessment.
	Ms Z disclosed that she had previously undergone a right mastectomy. She was reviewed by a GP and referred for a mammogram and ultrasound.
15 January 2013 – ongoing	Ms Z was diagnosed with oesophagitis and prescribed with medication.
13 March 2013	Ms Z was diagnosed with breast cancer and referred to a specialist.
23 May 2013 – ongoing	Presented to a hospital emergency department following chest pain and was diagnosed with gastritis. An endoscopy was conducted and oesophageal varices were identified. She was referred to a gastroenterologist and continued to be monitored by her GP.
21 August 2013 – ongoing	Ms Z was reviewed by a cardiologist and her medication was adjusted.

22 August 2013 – ongoing	Admitted to hospital for a left mastectomy. Prior to her release from detention, her condition and medication continued to be monitored by her GP.
22 January 2014 – ongoing	Reviewed by a haematologist who reported that her blood disorder was stable. She was advised to undergo regular pathology testing.
19 March 2014	Presented to her GP with symptoms of stress and depression. She was referred for psychological counselling, however IHMS was unable to confirm her attendance.
26 May 2014 – ongoing	IHMS advised that Ms Z was diagnosed with liver cancer. She was scheduled to commence chemotherapy in July 2014, however her cardiologist advised against the treatment. Prior to her release from detention, her condition continued to be monitored by a multidisciplinary team and ongoing pathology testing indicated that her condition remained stable.

Miss Q, Master S, Master T and Master U

IHMS advised that Miss Q, Master S, Master T and Master U did not require treatment for any major physical or mental health issues.

Miss R

DIBP did not provide an IHMS Health Summary Report for Miss R.

Ombudsman assessment/recommendation

Mr X and his family were granted Bridging visas with associated THS visas on 9 April 2015 and released from immigration detention.

The Ombudsman notes that Mr X and his family were detained on 17 November 2012 after arriving in Australia and were held in detention for over two years before being granted Bridging visas. The Ombudsman further notes that, at the time of DIBP's review, processing of the family's claims for protection had not commenced.

The Ombudsman recommends that the Minister lift the bar under s 46A and processing of the family's protection claims commence as soon as possible.