REPORT BY THE COMMONWEALTH AND IMMIGRATION OMBUDSMAN FOR TABLING IN PARLIAMENT

Under s 4860 of the Migration Act 1958

This is the first s 4860 report on Mr X who has remained in restricted immigration detention for a cumulative period of more than 30 months (two and a half years).

Name	Mr X
Citizenship	Country A
Year of birth	1979
Ombudsman ID	1002381-0
Date of DIBP's reports	26 April 2016 and 25 October 2016
Total days in detention	912 (at date of DIBP's latest report)

Detention history

17 November 2012	Detained under s 189(3) of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i> after arriving in Australia aboard Suspected Illegal Entry Vessel (SIEV) 536 <i>Overland</i> . He was transferred to an Alternative Place of Detention (APOD), Christmas Island.
23 December 2012	Transferred to Christmas Island Immigration Detention Centre.
9 January 2013	Transferred to Darwin Airport Lodge APOD.
16 January 2013	Granted a Bridging visa and released from detention.
26 June 2014	Re-detained under s 189(1) and transferred to Facility B and then Facility C on the same day.
13 March 2015 – 26 August 2016	Transferred eight times between various immigration detention facilities.
17 September 2016	Transferred to Facility D.

Visa applications/case progression

The Department of Immigration and Border Protection (DIBP) advised that prior to ministerial intervention, Mr X was part of a cohort who had not had their protection claims assessed as they arrived in Australia after 13 August 2012 and were subject to the bar under s 46A.		
16 January 2013 – 26 June 2014	Mr X resided in the community on a range of Bridging visas.	
26 June 2014	Mr X's Bridging visa was cancelled under s 116 following criminal charges and he was re-detained under s 189(1).	
29 September 2015	The Minister lifted the bar under s 46A to allow Mr X to lodge a temporary visa application.	
26 October 2015	Mr X was notified that he is eligible to receive the Primary Application Information Service (PAIS) to assist him with lodging a temporary visa application. He accepted the offer on 10 November 2015 and was assigned a PAIS provider.	

6 January 2016	Lodged a Safe Haven Enterprise visa (SHEV) application.
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Other legal matters

21 June 2014	Mr X was charged with a number of criminal offences.
September 2016	A District Court set a trial date of October 2016 for three of the criminal charges against Mr X.
October 2016	A Magistrates Court adjourned Mr X's second criminal matter until 17 November 2016.

Health and welfare

International Health and Medical Services (IHMS) advised that Mr X disclosed a history of torture and trauma and has received treatment for depression, anxiety, adjustment disorder and chronic post-traumatic stress disorder. Mr X has a significant history of self-harm and suicidal ideation and has been assessed as a high suicide risk. A specialist counsellor advised in January 2015 that Mr X's prolonged detention and persistent worry about his legal situation further exacerbates his anxiety and depression. The counsellor recommended that Mr X would benefit from a community detention placement. He has been prescribed with medication and regularly attends counselling and has remained stable on his current treatment plan.

IHMS further advised that Mr X has received treatment for a range of gastric concerns, back pain, and chronic headaches.

6 November 2014 – 15 July 2015	DIBP Incident Reports recorded that Mr X attempted suicide on four occasions.
11 January 2015 – 28 September 2016	DIBP Incident Reports recorded that Mr X self-harmed on two occasions and threatened self-harm on a further two occasions.
2 May 2016	Admitted to hospital after losing consciousness.

Other matters

Mr X arrived in Australia with his wife, Ms Y. She is currently residing in the community on a SHEV.

Ombudsman assessment/recommendation

Mr X was detained on 17 November 2012 after arriving in Australia by sea and has been held in restricted detention for more than two and a half years.

On 29 September 2015 the Minister lifted the bar under s 46A to allow Mr X to apply for a temporary visa and on 6 January 2016 Mr X lodged an application for a SHEV.

At the time of DIBP's latest review Mr X was awaiting resolution of his outstanding criminal matters.

The Ombudsman notes with concern the Government's duty of care to detainees and the serious risk to mental and physical health prolonged detention may pose and the advice from a specialist counsellor who noted that Mr X's high suicide risk is directly related to his placement in restricted detention.

In light of this advice, the Ombudsman recommends that consideration be given to placing Mr X in a less restrictive detention environment, or upon completion of his criminal matters, community detention if appropriate.