

REPORT BY THE COMMONWEALTH AND IMMIGRATION OMBUDSMAN FOR TABLING IN PARLIAMENT

Under s 486O of the Migration Act 1958

This is the second s 486O report on Mr X who has remained in restricted immigration detention for more than 36 months (three years).

The first report 1001946¹ was tabled in Parliament on 27 May 2015. This report updates the material in that report and should be read in conjunction with the previous report.

Name	Mr X
Citizenship	Country A
Year of birth	1986
Ombudsman ID	1003232
Date of DIBP's reports	29 April 2015 and 20 October 2015
Total days in detention	1,094 (at date of DIBP's latest report)

Detention history

20 October 2012	Mr X was detained under s 189(1) of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i> after arriving on the Australian mainland aboard Suspected Illegal Entry Vessel (SIEV) 484 <i>Nangle</i> , indicating that he arrived as a 'direct entry person'. ² He was transferred to Darwin Airport Lodge Alternative Place of Detention.
26 October 2012	Transferred to Wickham Point Immigration Detention Centre (IDC).
5 April 2013	Transferred to Scherger IDC.
25 January 2014	Transferred to Curtin IDC.
28 August 2014	Transferred to Yongah Hill IDC.

Visa applications/case progression

The Department of Immigration and Border Protection (DIBP) advised that prior to ministerial intervention, Mr X was part of a cohort who had not had their protection claims assessed as they arrived in Australia after 13 August 2012 and were subject to the bar under s 46A.	
12 March 2014	DIBP notified Mr X of the unintentional release of personal information ³ and advised that the privacy breach would be taken into account when considering Mr X's protection claims.

¹ Mr X was previously reported on in a group report of people who arrived on SIEV 484 *Nangle*.

² A maritime arrival to Australia's mainland who is seeking protection. Maritime arrivals who arrived as 'direct entry persons' after 13 August 2012 and before 20 May 2013 are not subject to the s 46A bar.

³ In a media release dated 19 February 2014 the former Minister advised that an immigration detention statistics report was released on DIBP's website on 11 February 2014 which inadvertently disclosed detainees' personal information. The documents were removed from the website as soon as DIBP became aware of the breach from the media. The Minister acknowledged this was a serious breach of privacy by DIBP.

13 August 2015	The Minister lifted the bar under s 46A to allow him to lodge a temporary visa application.
2 September 2015	Mr X was invited to lodge an application for a temporary visa.
29 October 2015	Lodged a Safe Haven Enterprise visa (SHEV) application.

Health and welfare

20 April 2013	International Health and Medical Services (IHMS) advised that Mr X disclosed a history of torture and trauma but declined specialist counselling.
11 October 2014	Mr X was reviewed by a psychiatrist and diagnosed with probable anxiety with depression. It was recommended that he attend psychological counselling for further assessment, however Mr X declined. He was advised to self-refer to the mental health team as required.
26 October 2014	Mr X advised that he had a history of excessive perspiration which had worsened over the past six months. He was prescribed with topical medication and monitored by a general practitioner.
DIBP did not provide an IHMS Health Summary Report for the period 15 November 2014 to 29 April 2015.	
2 July 2015	During a mental health assessment, it was noted that Mr X was coping with his ongoing detention but was anxious about his immigration pathway. He declined a referral for specialist counselling and was advised to self-refer as required.
9 July 2015	A DIBP Incident Report recorded that Mr X threatened self-harm. No further information was provided.

Other matters

28 July 2015	<p>The Ombudsman's office requested information from DIBP about the circumstances of the arrival of a number of people from SIEV 662 <i>Lambeth</i> who were detained on the Australian mainland, apparently as 'direct entry persons', but have been subject to the bar under s 46A.</p> <p>The Ombudsman's office also identified that there may be more people who arrived in similar circumstances to those of SIEV <i>Lambeth</i>.</p>
30 July 2015 – 25 August 2015	DIBP advised on four occasions that it expected to provide clarification as soon as information had been sourced from other areas within DIBP.
1 September 2015	<p>The Ombudsman's office opened an investigation into the arrival and detention circumstances of people who arrived in Australian waters on 17 April 2013 aboard SIEV <i>Lambeth</i>.</p> <p>The Ombudsman's office also identified that there may be more arrivals, including Mr X who arrived on SIEV <i>Nangle</i>, who arrived in similar circumstances to those of SIEV <i>Lambeth</i>.</p> <p>A response from DIBP was requested by 30 September 2015 but not received.</p>

2 October 2015 – 22 October 2015	DIBP advised on three occasions that its response was awaiting clearance and would be delayed.
13 November 2015	The Ombudsman's office requested further information under its own motion powers into the arrival and detention circumstances of people who arrived in Australian waters between 13 August 2012 and 20 May 2013 who appeared to have been detained on the Australian mainland as 'direct entry persons' but remained subject to the s 46A bar.
26 November 2015	The matter was raised at a meeting with senior DIBP staff and it was requested that a response to the investigation into the people who arrived on SIEV <i>Lambeth</i> be provided to the Ombudsman's office by 10 December 2015.
16 December 2015	DIBP provided a response to the Ombudsman's request for information.
23 December 2015	The Ombudsman notified the Minister for Immigration and Border Protection of his intention to conduct an investigation under his own motion powers into DIBP's administration of the detention of people who arrived in Australian waters on SIEV <i>Lambeth</i> . The Ombudsman further advised the Minister that he would ask DIBP to look further at other boats where the arrivals were detained in Darwin around the same period of time.
25 February 2016	DIBP advised that an internal investigation had commenced to examine the issues raised by the Ombudsman's own motion investigation and that it will keep the Ombudsman advised as this progresses.

Ombudsman assessment/recommendation

Mr X was detained on 20 October 2012 after arriving in Australia aboard SIEV *Nangle*, and has been held in restricted detention for over three years with no processing of his protection claims.

The Ombudsman notes that DIBP considered that Mr X was subject to the bar under s 46A for more than two and a half years until the Minister lifted the bar 13 August 2015 to allow Mr X to apply for a temporary visa. On 29 October 2015, Mr X lodged a SHEV application.

On the basis of the information available to the Ombudsman at the time of this report, it would appear that Mr X may not have been subject to the s 46A bar due to his arrival on the Australian mainland as a 'direct entry person' on 20 October 2012.

The Ombudsman notes that DIBP has commenced an internal investigation into the issues raised by the Ombudsman's own motion investigation and that it will keep the Ombudsman advised as this progresses. The Ombudsman recommends that priority is given to resolving the circumstances of Mr X's method of arrival, the provision of the *Migration Act 1958* under which he was detained, and whether he should have been subject to the s 46A bar.